# Progression of Knowledge and skills – years 1 – 6 over a 2 year cycle

# Musicianship – Understanding music

Years 1 and 2	Years 3 and 4	Years 5 and 6
Use body percussion, instruments and voices.	Use body percussion, instruments and voices.	Use body percussion, instruments and voices.
In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor.	In the key centres of: C major, F major, G major and A minor.	In the key centres of: C major, G major, D major, F major and A minor.
Find and keep a steady beat together.	In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4.	In the time signatures of: 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8.
Understand the difference between creating a rhythm pattern and a pitch pattern.	Find and keep a steady beat.  Copy back and improvise	Find and keep a steady beat.
Copy back simple rhythmic patterns using long and short.	simple rhythmic patterns using minims, crotchets, quavers and their rests.	Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of dotted minims, minims, dotted
Copy back simple melodic patterns using high and low.  Complete vocal warm-ups with	Listen and copy rhythmic patterns made of semibreves, minims, dotted crotchets,	crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, triplet quavers, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from
a copy back option to use Solfa.	crotchets, quavers, semiquavers and their rests, by ear or from notation.	notation.
Sing short phrases independently.	Copy back and improvise simple melodic patterns using	Copy back melodic patterns using the notes: C, D, E C, D, E, F, G, A, B
	the notes: C, D, E G, A, B	D, E, F♯, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F♯, G F, G, A, B♭, C, D, E
	F, G, A A, B, C	G, A, B, C, D, E, F♯ D, E, F, G, A
	Copy back melodic patterns using the notes:	C, D, E, F, G, A, B G, A, B, C, D, E, F# D, E, F#, G, A, B, C#
	C, D, E C, D, E, G, A G, A, B	A, B, C, D, E, F, G
	G, A, B, D, E F, G, A A, B, C, D, E, F, G	

### Listening

Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Move and dance with the music.	Share your thoughts and feelings about the music together.	Talk about feelings created by the music.
Find the steady beat.	Find the beat or groove of the	Justify a personal opinion with reference to Musical Elements.
Walk in time to the beat of a piece of music.	music. Walk, move or clap a steady	Find and demonstrate the steady beat.
Mark the beat of a listening piece (eg Boléro by Ravel) by tapping or clapping and	beat with others, changing the speed of the beat as the tempo of the music changes.	Identify 2/4, 4/4, 3/4, 6/8 and
recognising tempo, as well as changes in tempo.	Invent different actions to	5/4 metre.
Identify the beat groupings in the music you sing and listen,	move in time with the music.  Find and demonstrate the	Identify the musical style of a song using some musical
eg 2-time, 3-time etc. Move and dance with the music confidently.	steady beat. Identify 2/4, 3/4, and 4/4 metre.	vocabulary to discuss its Musical Elements.
Talk about feelings created by the music.	Identify the tempo as fast, slow or steady.	Identify the following instruments by ear and through a range of media: bass
Recognise some band and orchestral instruments.	Talk about the words of a song.	guitar, electric guitar, percussion, sections of the
Describe tempo as fast or slow.	Talk about what the song or piece of music means and	orchestra such as brass, woodwind and strings, electric organ, congas, pianos and
Describe dynamics as loud and quiet.	think about why the song or piece of music was written.	synthesizers, and vocal techniques such as scat singing.
Find different steady beats.	Identify some instruments you can hear playing.	Discuss the structure of the
Join in sections of the song, eg call and response/ chorus.	Identify if it's a male or female voice singing the song.	music with reference to verse, chorus, bridge, repeat signs, chorus and final chorus,
Begin to understand where the music fits in the world and talk about this.	Talk about/recognise the style of the music.	improvisation, call and response, and AB form and an instrumental break.
Begin to understand about different styles of music and start to talk about this.	Discuss the structures of songs. Identify: • Call and response • A solo vocal or instrumental line and the rest	Explain a bridge passage and its position in a song.
	of the ensemble • A change in texture • Articulation on certain words • Programme music Explain what a main	Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music.

theme is and identify when it is repeated. Know and understand what a musical introduction is and its purpose.

Recall by ear memorable phrases heard in the music.

Identify major and minor tonality.

Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic scale by ear and from notation.

Describe legato and staccato.

Recognise the following styles and any important musical features that distinguish the style: 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Reggae, Soul, R&B, Pop, Folk, Jazz, Disco, Musicals, Classical, Rock, Gospel, Romantic, Choral, Funk and Electronic Dance Music.

Identify major and minor tonality, chord triads I, IV and V, and intervals within a major scale.

Recognise the sound and notes of the pentatonic and Blues scales, by ear and from notation.

Explain the role of a main theme in musical structure.

Know and understand what a musical introduction and Outro is and its purpose.

Explain rapping.

Identify the sound of a Gospel choir and soloist, Rock band, symphony orchestra and A Cappella groups.

Recognise the following styles and any key musical features that distinguish the style: 20th and 21st Century Orchestral, Gospel, Soul, Pop, Minimalism, Rock n' Roll, South African, Contemporary Jazz, Reggae, Film Music, Hip Hop, Funk, Romantic and Musicals, Jazz: Swing, Rock, Disco, Romantic, Zimbabwean Pop, R&B, Folk and Salsa

#### Singing

Years 1/2 Years 3/4 Years 5/6	
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Sing, rap, rhyme, chant and use spoken word.

Demonstrate good singing posture.

Sing songs from memory and/or from notation

Copy back intervals of an octave and fifth (high, low).

Sing in unison and sometimes in parts, and with more pitching accuracy.

Sing as part of a choir and understand and follow the leader or conductor.

Sing to communicate the meaning of the words.

Add actions to a song.

Move confidently to a steady beat.

Talk about feelings created by the music/song.

Recognise some band and orchestral instruments.
Describe tempo as fast or slow.

Join in sections of the song, eg chorus.

Begin to understand where the music fits in the world.

Begin to talk about and understand the style of the music.

Know the meaning of dynamics (loud/quiet) and tempo (fast/slow), and be able to demonstrate these when singing by responding to (a) the leader's directions and (b) Sing as part of a choir.

Sing a widening range of unison songs, of varying styles and structures.

Demonstrate good singing posture.

Perform actions confidently and in time to a range of action songs.

Rehearse and Sing songs from memory and/or from notation.

Sing with awareness of following the beat and Sing in different time signatures: 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4.

Sing with attention to clear diction and demonstrate vowel sounds, blended sounds and consonants.

Sing expressively, with attention to the meaning of the words.

Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'. Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing.

Sing in unison.
Understand and follow the leader or conductor.
Sing as part of a choir with awareness of size: the larger, the thicker and richer the musical texture.

Copy back simple melodic phrases using the voice.

Sing expressively, with attention to staccato and legato.

Rehearse and learn songs from memory and/or with notation.

Sing a broad range of songs as part of a choir, including those that involve syncopated rhythms, with a good sense of ensemble and performance. This should include observing rhythm, phrasing, accurate pitching and appropriate style.

Sing in 2/4, 3/4, 4/4, 5/4 and 6/8 time.

Sing in unison and parts, and as part of a smaller group and continue to sing in parts where appropriate.

Sing 'on pitch' and 'in time'.

Sing a second part in a song.

Self-correct if lost or out of time.

Sing expressively, with attention to breathing and phrasing.
Sing expressively, with attention to dynamics and articulation.

Develop confidence as a soloist.

Sing with and without an accompaniment.

Sing syncopated melodic patterns.

Lead a singing rehearsal. Respond to a leader or conductor.

visual symbols (eg crescendo,	Talk about the different styles	Talk about the different styles
decrescendo, pause)	of singing used for different	of singing used for the
	styles of song.	different styles of songs sung
		in this year.
	Talk about how the songs and	
	their styles connect to the	Discuss with others how
	world.	connected you are to the
		music and songs, and how the
		songs and styles are connected
		to the world.

#### Notation

Years 1/2	Years 3/4	Years 5/6
Explore ways of representing	Explore ways of representing	Explore ways of representing
high and low sounds, and long	high and low sounds, and long	high and low sounds, and long
and short sounds, using	and short sounds, using	and short sounds, using
symbols and any appropriate	symbols and any appropriate	symbols and any appropriate
means of notation.	means of notation.	means of notation.

If appropriate: explore standard notation, using crotchets, quavers and minims, semi-breves and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G F, G, A G, B, D D, E, F♯, G, A D, A, C C, D, E, F, G, A, B G, A, B, C, D, E, F♯ F, G, A, B♭, C, D, E A, B, C, D, E

Identify hand signals as notation, and recognise music notation on a stave of five lines.

Read and respond to semibreves, minims, crotchets and paired quavers.

Identify: • Stave • Treble clef • Time signature • Lines and spaces on the stave.

D, E, F♯, G, A, B, C

Identify and understand the differences between crotchets and paired quavers. Apply spoken word to rhythms, understanding how to link each syllable to one musical note.

Read and perform pitch notation within a range.

Follow and perform simple rhythmic scores to a steady beat: maintain individual parts accurately within the rhythmic texture, achieving a sense of ensemble.

Explore standard notation, using dotted semibreves, dotted minims, minims, triplet crotchets, dotted crotchets, crotchets, dotted quavers, quavers and semiguavers, and simple combinations of: C, D, E, F, G, A, B F, G, A, Bb, C, D, E G, A, B, C, D, E, F# C, G, Ab, Bb G, G♯, A, B♭, C D, E, F, G, A, B, C Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb, C, Db F, G, Ab, Bb, C, D, Eb G, A, Bb, C, D, E, F G, A, B, C, D, E, F# D, E, F, G, A D, E, F#, A, B, C# E, F♯, G, G♯, A, B, C, C♯ Eb, F, G, Ab, Bb, C, D

Identify: • Stave • Treble clef • Time signature Read and respond to minims, crotchets, quavers, dotted quavers and semiquavers. Recognise how notes are grouped when notated. Identify the stave and symbols on the stave (such as the treble clef), the name of the notes on lines and in spaces, barlines, a flat sign and a sharp sign.

Understand the differences between 2/4, 3/4 and 4/4 time signatures.
Read and perform pitch notation within an octave (eg C–C'/do–do)

# Playing instruments

Years 1/2	Years 3/4	Years 5/6
Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from simple notation, in C major, F major, G major, D major and D minor.	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major, D major and E major.	Rehearse and learn to play a simple melodic instrumental part by ear or from notation, in C major, F major, G major, Eb major, C minor and D minor.
	Develop facility in playing tuned percussion or a melodic instrument, such as a violin or recorder	Rehearse and learn to play one of four differentiated instrumental parts by ear or from notation, in the tonal centres of C major, F major, G major, D major, E major, A major, Eb major, D minor and F minor.
		Play melodies on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards, following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within the middle C—C'/do—do range. This should initially be done as a whole class, with greater independence gained each lesson through smaller group performance.
		Play a melody following staff notation written on one stave and using notes within an octave range (do–do); make decisions about dynamic range, including very loud (fortissimo), very quiet (pianissimo), moderately loud (mezzo forte) and moderately quiet (mezzo piano).

# Creating: Improvising

# Creating: Composing

Year 1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Explore and create graphic scores:	Create music and/or sound effects in response to music and video stimulus.	Create music in response to music and video stimulus.
Create musical sound effects and short sequences of sounds in response to music and video stimulus.	Combine known rhythmic notation with letter names, to create short, pentatonic	Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds.
Create a story, choosing and playing classroom instruments and/or sound makers.	phrases using a limited range of five pitches, suitable for the instruments being learnt.	Plan and compose an 8 or 16- beat melodic phrase, using the pentatonic scale (eg C, D, E, G, A), and incorporate rhythmic
Recognise how graphic notation can represent created sounds. Explore and invent your own symbols.	Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds.	variety and interest. Play this melody on available tuned percussion and/or orchestral instruments. Notate this melody.
Use graphic symbols, dot notation and stick notation, as	Compose over a simple chord progression.	
appropriate, to keep a record of composed pieces.	Compose over a simple groove.	Either of these melodies can be enhanced with rhythmic or simple chordal
Create and perform your own rhythm patterns with stick	Compose over a drone.	accompaniment.
notation, including crotchets, quavers and minims.	Start to use simple structures	Start to use structures within compositions, eg introduction,
Use music technology, if available, to capture, change and combine sounds.	within compositions, eg introduction, verse, chorus or AB form.	multiple verse and chorus sections, AB form or ABA form (ternary form).
Use simple notation if appropriate:	Use simple dynamics.	Compose a ternary (ABA form) piece; use available music
Create a simple melody using crotchets and minims:	Compose song accompaniments on tuned and untuned percussion, using known rhythms and note values.	software/apps to create and record it, discussing how musical contrasts are achieved.
C, D C, D, E	Taluesi.	Use chords to compose music
C, D, E, F C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major)	Create a melody using crotchets, minims, quavers and their rests. Use a pentatonic scale:	to evoke a specific atmosphere, mood or environment and create a simple chord progression.
G, A G, A, B		Use simple dynamics.
G, A, B, D	C, D C, D, E	.,

G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G) F, G F, G, A F, G, A, C

F, G, A, C, D Start and end on

the note F (Pentatonic on F)

D, F D, F, G D, F, G, A D, F, G, A, C Start and end on the note D C, D, E, G C, D, E, G, A Start and end on the note C (Pentatonic on C)

C, D
C, D, E
C, D, E, F
C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major)

F, G F, G, A F, G, A, Bb F, G, A, Bb, C Start and end on the note F (F major)

G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G)

A, B A, B, C A, B, C, D A, B, C, D, E Start and end on the note A (A minor)

D, E, F
D, E, F, G
D, E, F, G, A Start and end on the note D (D minor)

D, E

Use rhythmic variety.

Compose song accompaniments, perhaps using basic chords. Use a wider range of dynamics, including fortissimo (very loud), pianissimo (very quiet), mezzo forte (moderately loud) and mezzo piano (moderately quiet).

Understand how chord triads are formed and play them on tuned percussion, melodic instruments or keyboards. Perform simple, chordal accompaniments.

Compose song accompaniments, perhaps using basic chords.

Use full scales in different keys.

Create a melody using crotchets, quavers and minims, and perhaps semibreves and semiquavers, plus all equivalent rests. Use a pentatonic and a full scale. Use major and minor tonality:

F, G F, G, A F, G, A, Bb F, G, A, Bb, C Start and end on the note F (F major)

C, D
C, D, E
C, D, E, F
C, D, E, F, G Start and end on the note C (C major)

G, A G, A, B G, A, B, C

	G, A, B, C, D Start and end on the note G (G major)
	G, A G, A, B G, A, B, D G, A, B, D, E Start and end on the note G (Pentatonic on G)
	D, E D, E, F D, E, F, G D, E, F, G, A Start and end on the note D (D minor)
	Eb, F Eb, F, G Eb, F, G, Bb Eb, F, G, Bb, C Start and end on the note Eb (Eb major)
	F, G F, G, A F, G, A, C F, G, A, C, D Start and end on the note F (Pentatonic on F)
	F, G F, G, Ab F, G, Ab, Bb
	F, G, Ab, Bb, C Start and end on the note F (F minor)

## Performing

Years 1/2	Years 3/4	Years 5/6
Enjoy and have fun performing.  Choose a song/songs to perform to a well-known	Practise, rehearse and share a song that has been learned in the lesson, from memory or with notation, and with confidence.	Create, rehearse and present a holistic performance for a specific purpose, for a friendly but unknown audience.
Prepare a song to perform - Practise, rehearse and share a song that has been learned in	Play and perform melodies following staff notation, using a small range, as a whole class or in small groups.	Perhaps perform in smaller groups, as well as the whole class.  Perform a range of repertoire
the lesson, from memory or with notation, and with confidence.  Communicate the meaning of the cong. Talk about what the	Include any actions, instrumental parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages within the rehearsal and in the	pieces and arrangements combining acoustic instruments, to form mixed ensembles, including a school orchestra.
the song - Talk about what the song means and why it was chosen to share.	performance.	Perform a range of songs as a choir in school assemblies, school performance
Add actions to the song - Decide on any actions, instrumental	Talk about what the song means and why it was chosen to share.	opportunities and to a wider audience.
parts/improvisatory ideas/composed passages to be practised and included in the performance.	Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and cultural	Perform from memory or with notation, with confidence and accuracy.
Play some simple instrumental parts.	context of the song.  Communicate the meaning of	Include instrumental parts/improvisatory sections/composed passages
Talk about the difference between rehearsing a song	the words and articulate them clearly.	within the rehearsal and performance.
and performing it.	Use the structure of the song to communicate its mood and meaning in the performance.	Explain why the song was chosen, including its composer and the historical and cultural context of the song.
	Talk about what the rehearsal and performance has taught the student.	A student or group leads part of the rehearsal and part of the performance.
	Understand how the individual fits within the larger group ensemble.	Understand the value of choreographing any aspect of a performance.

Reflect on the performance and how well it suited the occasion.

Discuss and respond to any feedback; consider how future performances might be different.

Understand the value of choreographing any aspect of a performance.

Record the performance and compare it to a previous performance; explain how well the performance communicated the mood of each piece.

Discuss and talk musically about the strengths and weaknesses of a performance. Collect feedback from the audience and reflect how future performances might be different.

Discuss how the performance might change if it was repeated in a larger/smaller performance space